

claim of the Serbians to the region where, he asserted, the Serbs largely exceeded the Hungarians.

Although the hearing showed a sharp difference in views there is reason to believe that mutual concessions will lead to an agreement between Serbia and Rumania, or, if not, that a commission will be appointed to deal with the subject.

The hearing given to the Serbs to-day is expected to be followed by the early presentation of the Jugo-Slav claims to the eastern Adriatic, which involve delicate questions and render probable a formidable issue with Italy, over the Adriatic coast.

Will Press Serbia's Case.

In anticipation of this question Prince Regent Alexander of Serbia will arrive here tomorrow for the special purpose of personally laying Serbia's case before President Wilson. Meantime reports from the region in controversy show increased tension there.

One despatch from Laibach says the Italian troops have withdrawn from Fiume, the central point of contention, and that the Italian commission has taken charge of the case. Another despatch, from Agrani, announces that Serbian battalions have entered Fiume and that the Italians have retired to a point near Volosca. These despatches are unofficial, but they are taken as indicating a change in the attitude of the Italian government on the Adriatic coast.

Official Report of Session.

The official communication issued this evening follows:

The President of the United States of America, the Prime Ministers and Foreign Ministers of the allied and associated Powers and the representatives of Japan met this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The delegates of the great Powers composing the interallied commission which was shortly proposed to be introduced to state the conclusions which they had reached after hearing the representatives of Poland and of the Czechoslovak Republic regarding the provisional exploitation of the industrial district of Teschen.

After listening to the reports made by Mr. Noulens and by Gen. Gotha, in the name of their colleagues, the allied Ministers decided to send to Teschen allied delegates for the purpose of ascertaining a peaceful solution in agreement with the Czechs and the Poles, pending a territorial settlement of the question by the conference.

[An American despatch, quoting a Vienna despatch to the Cologne Volkszeitung, said that Austrian Silesia had been occupied by the Czechs after heavy fighting with the Poles.]

A statement of the views of the respective interests and rights of Rumania and Serbia, by Mr. Brailiano and Mr. Miliu represented the Rumanian Government and the Serbian delegation was then heard. Mr. Brailiano, Mr. Vessitch and Mr. Trumbitch.

The next meeting was fixed for tomorrow, Saturday, at 3 o'clock.

Plenary Session Called Off.

There will be no plenary session of the Peace Conference tomorrow, according to an announcement made to-day.

When the Supreme Council met to-day it had before it the very plain statement made by President Wilson at Wednesday's last session. So particular was Mr. Wilson to have an exact record of what he had said so soon after uttering the meeting he summoned one of his personal stenographers and kept him at his side during the session.

What he said did not appear in the official communication nor has it been disclosed with any official authority, but it may be stated that it was a clear reaffirmation of the principles for which the President has previously contended.

Opposes "Peace of Loo."

In phrases stripped of diplomatic niceties, it is understood, Mr. Wilson told the members of the Supreme Council he would not be party to a division of Germany's colonial possessions among the Powers which now hold them, and then become party to a league of nations in effect would guarantee their title. There are references that the President even referred to a peace of "Loo."

He contended in no uncertain terms that to divide the colonies among the Entente Nations would be in direct violation of the "fourteen points" which were accepted as a basis of peace. Such a division, he is said to have added, also would violate the principles of the League of Nations as laid down at the Peace Conference last Saturday.

The American attitude, it is said, is very positive. What the United States would do in case the Powers insisted upon dividing the colonies among them has not been disclosed.

The American attitude, it is held in some quarters, might be such that it would probably affect the whole future of the Peace Conference.

It is understood, still held by his original opinion that it would be scarcely worth while for the United States to participate in the negotiations unless a league of nations, with the accompanying principles, were provided for in making peace.

The agreement reached by the allied council of ten on the colonial question, says a Havas Agency statement to-day, provides that territories which are automatically divided to give an appearance of their wishes as to the form of their government will be permitted to set up such a Government under the auspices of the league of nations, obtaining either national independence or living under a protectorate of one or other of the great Powers. Arabia and Mesopotamia are considered to be examples of this class.

As regards Asiatic Turkey, the statement adds, the four great Powers are to undertake its administration at once and the council of ten has asked the Versailles War Council to submit a report as to the best troops available for the occupation of the Turkish area.

SAYS WILSON WON IN COLONIES FIGHT

Forced to Modify Demands Some, Asserts "Mail."

LONDON, Jan. 31.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail in a despatch to his paper to-day says that Japan on Thursday formally accepted the theory of internationalization of colonies and that it was understood that Africa had abandoned its opposition to the scheme.

"President Wilson," the correspondent adds, "undoubtedly won an immense diplomatic victory, but he had to modify his original proposals to some extent."

As a result of Great Britain's acceptance of President Wilson's proposal, the correspondent adds, she hopes for an easier solution of some other problems, especially concerning Mesopotamia, of which India expects to be the beneficiary. India, the despatch continues, also desires to be the mandatory for German East Africa, hoping that it will afford a field for its expansion.

It will be found, says the Paris correspondent of the Evening Standard, that Italy is willing to withdraw her claim on the port of Fiume as part of Italian nationality. Italy will agree, the despatch adds, to Fiume being made a free port, as the port of Hamburg was a free city before.

One result of the attitude taken by Italy in yesterday's discussion, the Daily Mail states, was the decision that the mandatory system of administration should only be applied to non-European territories. Thus the fate of the Adriatic coast, the Balkan Austrian lands and the French territorial claims against Germany, which include, it

should be noted, the Saar Valley, add the newspaper, remains for independent consideration.

The only government that was continuing to make formal objection yesterday afternoon to the compromise plan of administering the German colonies was Australia. The newspaper adds, promised Australia full support in safeguarding her position.

There is no possibility now, the Daily Mail declares, of Australia continuing her independent opposition to the plan.

The report that some arrangement between Great Britain and Spain was in prospect through which Gibraltar would be turned over to Spanish jurisdiction is denied.

The comments of the morning newspapers with regard to the German colonies display a continuance of dissatisfaction in many quarters. The Post accuses the British delegates in the Supreme Council of acquiescing in the abrogation of British sovereignty. Referring to the statement from Paris that President Wilson objects to the word "annexation" the newspaper says: "The word is the only cause for a difference, if the annexation of German territories is not justified by such powerful reasons as the occupation of the Philippines. There is doubtless room for accommodation. But the idea of making the British Government or a Dominion government the servant of a German colonial empire is an idea the British people will not endure."

The Post also thinks it necessary to correct the tendency in the press to regard the President's attitude as "the word of authority and the law given." It reminds its readers that the President is merely a delegate to the Peace Conference on equal terms with the others.

The Express insists that Germany deliberately gained the colonial empire she had against the world empire she hoped to have and lost. "We never heard that she proposed in the event of victory to hand over conquered French and British possessions to a lot of neutral, inexperienced gentlemen in frock coats," the newspaper says.

The Graphic, contending that Great Britain is entitled to recover from the aggressor such compensation as the latter can be made to pay, says: "When the United States defeated Spain she annexed Spanish possessions without making any noise about the matter."

The Chronicle, while approving the President's attitude, is of the opinion of perfection rather than of necessity, and if some Governments remain blind to its merits it is not a case where they can be regarded as being in the wrong.

The Mail, noting that the arrangements are officially described as provisional, assumes they may be modified in the future, and says that in the process of modification the opinion of the Dominions certainly will be considered, with assurance of Great Britain's sympathy and support. The newspaper, however, maintains that the British Empire is based on the principle of trusteeship, so in its fundamentals there is nothing opposed to President Wilson's ideas.

The Daily News, agreeing that there is a consensus that the colonies should not be returned to Germany, adds: "But to press unduly the claims of this or that country to their control is imprudent, and to press such claims in terms which tacitly imply that the league of nations does not exist or is an ineffective sham is worse than imprudent."

DOHENY TO DEMAND JUSTICE IN MEXICO

Polk Does Not Believe Peace Conference Will Act.

HALIFAX, Jan. 31.—Edward L. Doheny of Los Angeles, head of a delegation representing American oil, mining, cattle and other interests in Mexico, arrived here to-day on his way to Paris to set before the Peace Conference the situation in Mexico and demand protection of American property rights.

British and American mining and petroleum interests will present a united front at the Peace Conference, demanding peace and justice in Mexico," said Mr. Doheny.

The delegation has been sent by the recently organized National Association for the Protection of American Rights in Mexico, comprising forty-one companies with large interests in the southern republic.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 31.—Acting Secretary of State Polk said to-day that he did not believe the Peace Conference would take up the question of Mexico and the oil interests there, and expressed surprise when informed that Edward L. Doheny of Los Angeles had started at Halifax the day before on a delegation going to Paris to press the question of American property rights in Mexico.

Mr. Doheny assured me when he applied for a passport," said Mr. Polk, "that he was not going to Paris for any purpose other than that of the legitimate business of his oil company. He said his British and other European connections demanded his presence. Mr. Doheny would not have secured his passport if he had told me what he is reported to have said in this interview."

"I do not believe, and told Mr. Doheny so, that the question of Mexico and the oil interests would be taken up at the Peace Conference. It looks to me as if the State Department had been the victim of bad faith."

250 WAR VETS IN NEW HOUSE OF COMMONS

All Ranks Will Be Represented—Pacifists Gone.

LONDON, Jan. 31.—Though the ordinary lines of party cleavage will be absent from the new Parliament, the Government will take back independent Unionists. The general elections, which marked the disappearance of the pacifist group in the House of Commons, sent back to Westminster a body of men who, by reason of their practical experience, are peculiarly well fitted to assist the Government and guide the nation in the transition period.

No less than 250 members of the new House of Commons have served in the war in one capacity or another. All ranks in the army will be represented in the new House, from General to sergeant. Some of the leading generals in the war probably will receive the peerages and take their seats in the upper chamber, but the House of Commons already is assured of the expert knowledge of several prominent officers in different branches of the service.

Sir Archibald Hunter, Major-General Sir J. H. Davidson, Director of Operations under Field Marshal Haig, and Lieutenant Sir Aylmer Hunter-Watson, a distinguished corps commander under Gen. Plumer of the Second Army.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

Other new service members of the House will be Col. Moore Brabant, who was the first Englishman to fly a biplane, and Major Cohen, who lost both his legs at Ypres. Three members of the House took part in the naval battle of Jutland.

ENGLISH ENGINEERS TO STRIKE THURSDAY

Continued from First Page.

There is described as akin to that which recently obtained in German cities under revolutionary rule. The governing power has been usurped, says a Belfast despatch to the Mail, by the strike committee and the city is governed not from the magnificent municipal building known as the City Hall but from the humble Artisans' Hall.

"There is no outstanding personality," says the despatch, "but there is a capable committee of local trades union leaders, most of whom are moderate and restrained. Nobody can do anything unless he comes, cap in hand, to this committee. Even the police are obliged to go to the committee to ask the strike leaders to cooperate with the constables in preventing disorders and lawlessness. When strikers go to a house to cut off electric current, the police accompany them. The postmaster has thanked the strike committee for allowing the post office to use electricity. The committee has in complete limited amount of work on certain industries, particularly those involved in feeding and warming the people. Otherwise it is a purely industrial or commercial activity whatever."

BELFAST, Jan. 31.—The strike committee announced to-day that it contemplated trying to extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. Replying to an appeal from Joseph Devlin, member of the House of Commons, the committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland. The committee said that it would not extend the strike to the whole of Ireland.

NO U. S. TROOPS TO BE SENT TO TURKEY

War Council Holds Their Use Would Be Inappropriate.

PARIS, Jan. 31.—Whatever forces may be sent to Turkey for garrisoning purposes there will be no American troops among them, it developed to-day. It is pointed out that their use for this purpose would be inappropriate, as the United States has never been at war with Turkey.

French reports of misadministration of the Armenians and other subject races by local Turkish Governors and the refusal by the Porte to apply the necessary corrective measures are understood to have been the reason for the action of the Supreme Council yesterday in taking measures toward supplying military forces for the purpose of maintaining order in the Turkish area.

The military representatives of the council expect to be able to hold a meeting within a day or two. Meanwhile their staffs have been ordered to proceed immediately to gather material for the consideration of the council's military chiefs.

It is pointed out that the use of American troops for garrisoning purposes there will be no American troops among them, it developed to-day. It is pointed out that their use for this purpose would be inappropriate, as the United States has never been at war with Turkey.